

Table 1 Suppl. Primers used in this study (Y2H - yeast two-hybrid).

Primer name	Forward sequence	Reverse sequence	Use
<i>MaGa</i>	5'-ATGGGCTTACTATGCAGCAGGA-3'	5'-TCACAACAAGCCAGCCTCGAAG-3'	Gene Cloning
<i>MaGβ</i>	5'-ATGTCTGTTGCCGAGCTGAAAAG-3'	5'-TCAAAGTACCCTCCTATGCCCT-3'	
<i>MaGγ1</i>	5'-ATGGAGCCCCGAAACGGCATCGT3'	5'-TCAGAGTATGACACACCTACAG-3'	
<i>MaGγ2</i>	5'-ATGCAATCGAGTGGGTCCCAAT-3'	5'-TCACAGGATCCAGCATCTGCAG-3'	
<i>MaRGS</i>	5'-ATGGGAAGCTGTGCAGTGAAG-3'	5'-TCAGTCGAAAGAATCGCAGCCA-3'	RT-qPCR
<i>MaRACK1</i>	5'-ATGGCGAGCGAGGGACTGGTTC-3'	5'-CTAGTAGCGGCAATACCCCAA-3'	
<i>MaGa</i>	5'-GCAAGCAGCAGAAATTGAAA-3'	5'-ATTGGCATGGATGACTGAGA-3'	
<i>MaGβ</i>	5'-TGGTGACAAAGATGAACCGT-3'	5'-ACAACCTCGGCCAATAAAG-3'	
<i>MaGγ1</i>	5'-CACCGACGAACATATCGGT3'	5'-TCCAAGCATCTGAGTTCCTG-3'	
<i>MaGγ2</i>	5'-CACCGGATTCCGTCTTTAAT-3'	5'-TGCTGGGAGTAGTGGATCAG-3'	
<i>MaRGS</i>	5'-TATGTGTGGGCAGTCTGGAT-3'	5'-AGACGCCTCTTGACGAAGAT-3'	
<i>MaRACK1</i>	5'-ATGGCGAGCGAGGGACTGGTTC-3'	5'-CTAGTAGCGGCAATACCCCAA-3'	
<i>MaACTIN3</i>	5'-GCATGAAGATCAAGGTGGTG-3'	5'-CATCTGCTGGAAGGTGCTAA-3'	
<i>MaGa</i>	5'-ATTAACAAGGCCATTACGGCCCGG ATGGGCTTACTATGCAGCAGGA-3'	5'-AACTGATTGGCCGAGGCGGCCGTC ACAACAAGCCAGCCTCGAAG-3'	
<i>MaGβ</i>	5'-ATTAACAAGGCCATTACGGCCATGTCT GTTGCCGAGCTGAAAAG-3'	5'-AACTGATTGGCCGAGGCGGCCCA AGTACCCTCCTATGCCCT-3'	
<i>MaRGS</i>	5'-ATTAACAAGGCCATTACGGCCATGGG AAGCTGTGCAGTGAAG-3'	5'-AACTGATTGGCCGAGGCGGCCCG TCGAAAGAATCGCAGCCA-3'	Y2H analysis
<i>MaGβ</i>	5'-GGAATTCCATATGATGGCGAGCGAGG GACTGGTTC-3'	5'-GGAATTCTCAAAGTACCCTCCTATG CCCT-3'	
<i>MaGγ1</i>	5'-GGAATTCCATATGATGGAGCCCGAAA CGGCATCGT-3'	5'-GGAATTCTCAGAGTATGACACACC TACAG-3'	
<i>MaGγ2</i>	5'-GGAATTCCATATGATGCAATCGAGTG GGTCCCAAT-3'	5'-GGAATTCTCACAGGATCCAGCATC TGCAG-3'	

Table 2 Suppl. Accession numbers for the protein encoded by G-protein signalling genes found in the plant kingdom (RGS - regulator of G-protein signaling protein, RACK1 - receptor for activated C kinase 1).

Species	G $\alpha$ -subunit	G $\beta$ -subunit	G $\gamma$ -subunit	RGS	RACK1
<b>Eudicots:</b>					
<i>Arabidopsis thaliana</i>	At2g26300	At4g34460	AGG1:At3g63420 AGG2:At3g22942 AGG3:At5g20635	At3g26090	AtRACK1A: At1g18080 AtRACK1B: At1g48630 AtRACK1C: At3g18130
<i>Malus domestica</i>	XP_008377920.1	XP_008375922.1		XP_008340147.1	XP_008393404.1
<i>Vitis vinifera</i>	XP_010648394.1	XP_003631647.1		XP_002267857.1	XP_002281279.1
<i>Populus euphratica</i>	XP_011019332.1			XP_011029599.1	
<i>Ricinus communis</i>	XP_002516152.1	XP_002509478.1		AHB52760.1	
<i>Solanum lycopersicum</i>	NP_001292984.1	XP_004230907.1			
<i>Medicago truncatula</i>	XP_003588959.1	XP_003603911.1			XP_003631071.1
<i>Glycine max</i>	GmG $\alpha$ 2: Glyma14g11140.1 GmG $\alpha$ 3: Glyma06g05960.1 GmG $\alpha$ 4: Glyma17g34450.1	GmG $\beta$ 1: Glyma11g12600.1 GmG $\beta$ 2: Glyma12g04810.1 GmG $\beta$ 3: Glyma06g01510.1 GmG $\beta$ 4: Glyma04g01460.1	GmG $\gamma$ 1: Glyma10g03610.1 GmG $\gamma$ 2: Glyma02g16190.1 GmG $\gamma$ 6: Glyma14g17060.1 GmG $\gamma$ 7: Glyma17g29590.1 GmG $\gamma$ 9: Glyma17g05640.1 GmG $\gamma$ 10: Glyma07g04510.1	GmRGS1: Glyma18g01490.1 GmRGS2: Glyma11g37540.1	Glyma05g243800
<i>Lotus japonicus</i>		AFK33707.1			
<i>Phaseolus vulgaris</i>					ACJ24167.1
<i>Brassica napus</i>	ACX43273.1	ACX43274.1		NP_001302894.1	XP_013664597.1
<i>Brassica nigra</i>			AIS73133.1 AIS73134.1 AIS73136.1		
<i>Eucalyptus grandis</i>					XP_010036939.1
<i>Jatropha curcas</i>					XP_012072542.1
<b>Mosses:</b>					
<i>Physcomitrella patens</i>			Pp1s22_182V6.1 Pp1s39_119V6.1		
<b>Monocots:</b>					
<i>Oryza sativa subsp. indica</i>	Os05g26890.1	ADL27745.1	OsGS3: ABC84855.1 RGG1: BAD15277.1		RACK1A: Os01g49290.1 RACK1B: Os05g47890.1
<i>Sorghum bicolor</i>		XP_002466691.1			
<i>Phoenix dactylifera</i>				XP_008796039.1	
<i>Brachypodium distachyon</i>	XP_014755105.1				
<i>Zea mays</i>	DAA43682.1	NP_001105365.1			NP_001146976.1
<b>Gymnosperms:</b>					
<i>Picea abies</i>	AKA58772.1	PAHJ60245.1			
<b>Green Alga:</b>					
<i>Chara braunii</i>	AHB52757.1	AHB52758.1	AHB52759.1		
<i>Volvox carteri f. nagariensis</i>					XP_002945887.1
<i>Chlamydomonas reinhardtii</i>					XP_001698065.1

Table 3 Suppl. Information regarding G-protein signaling genes in *Morus notabilis* (*Mn*) and *Morus atropurpurea* (*Ma*) (CDS - coding sequence).

Gene Name	CDS length [bp]	Proteins size [aa number]	Mr [Da]	PI	GenBank ID
<i>MnGa</i>	1155	384	44635.8	5.95	KX289875
<i>MaGa</i>	1155	384	44652.7	5.81	KX099864
<i>MnGβ</i>	1134	377	41061.1	7.13	KX279361
<i>MaGβ</i>	1134	377	41025.1	7.56	KX099865
<i>MnGγ1</i>	321	106	11518.8	4.70	KX268500
<i>MaGγ1</i>	321	106	11608.9	4.55	KX099866
<i>MnGγ2</i>	318	105	12034.5	5.39	KX268501
<i>MaGγ2</i>	321	106	12024.5	5.39	KX099867
<i>MnRGS</i>	1386	461	52246.8	6.76	KX268502
<i>MaRGS</i>	1386	461	52321.8	6.97	KX099868
<i>MnRACK1</i>	993	330	36007.6	6.45	KX268499
<i>MaRACK1</i>	993	330	36136.8	6.71	KX099869

Table 4 Suppl. Comparison of G-protein signalling genes from different species.

	<i>Morus notabilis</i>	<i>Arabidopsis thaliana</i>	<i>Oryza sativa</i>	<i>Chara braunii</i>	<i>Glycine max</i>	<i>Picea abies</i>	<i>Homo sapiens</i>
<i>Gα</i>	1	1	1	1	4	1	23
<i>Gβ</i>	1	1	1	1	4	1	5
<i>Gγ</i>	2	3	3	1	10	4	12
<i>RGS</i>	1	1	-	1	1	-	>30
<i>RACK1</i>	1	3	1	-	1	-	1

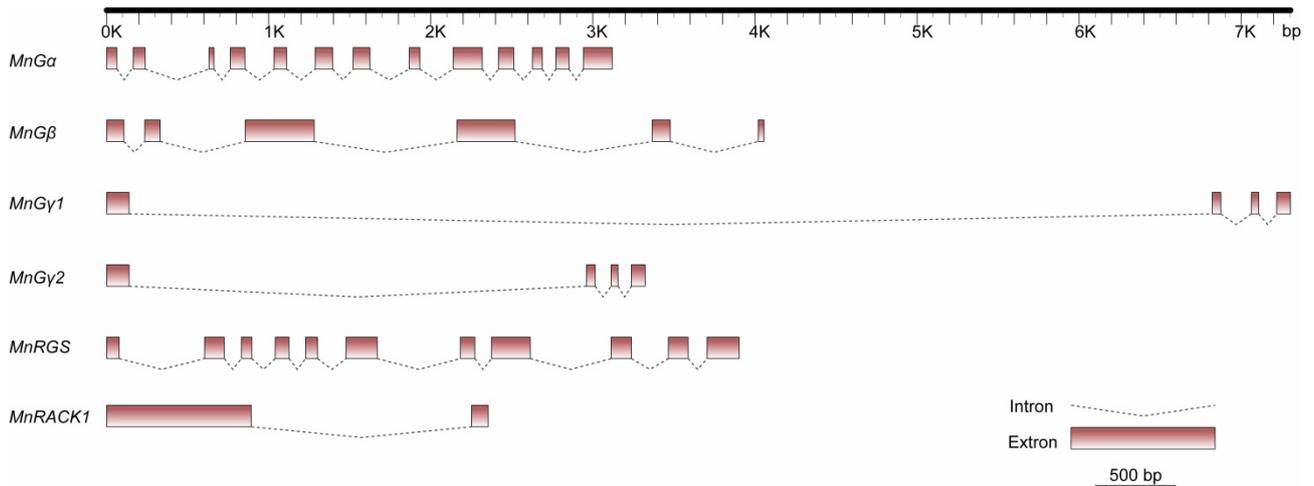


Fig. 1 Suppl. Gene structure and predicted functional domains of G-protein signalling genes in *Morus notabilis*. Gene structures were obtained by aligning the cloned cDNA sequences with the *M. notabilis* genome data and displayed by Fancy Gene (<http://bio.ieo.eu/fancygene/>).

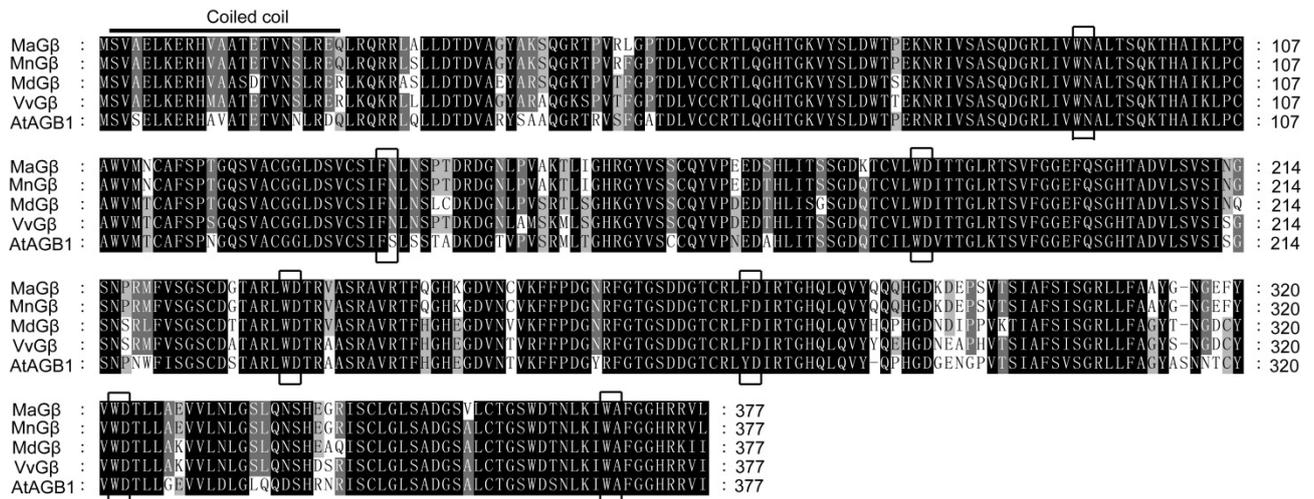


Fig. 2 Suppl. Amino acid sequence alignments of *Morus* G $\beta$  protein sequences with other G $\beta$  proteins from other plant species (Ma - *Morus atropurpurea*, Mn - *Morus notabilis*, Md - *Malus domestica*, Vv - *Vitis vinifera*, At - *Arabidopsis thaliana*). The tryptophan-aspartic acid (WD) repeats are marked within boxes.

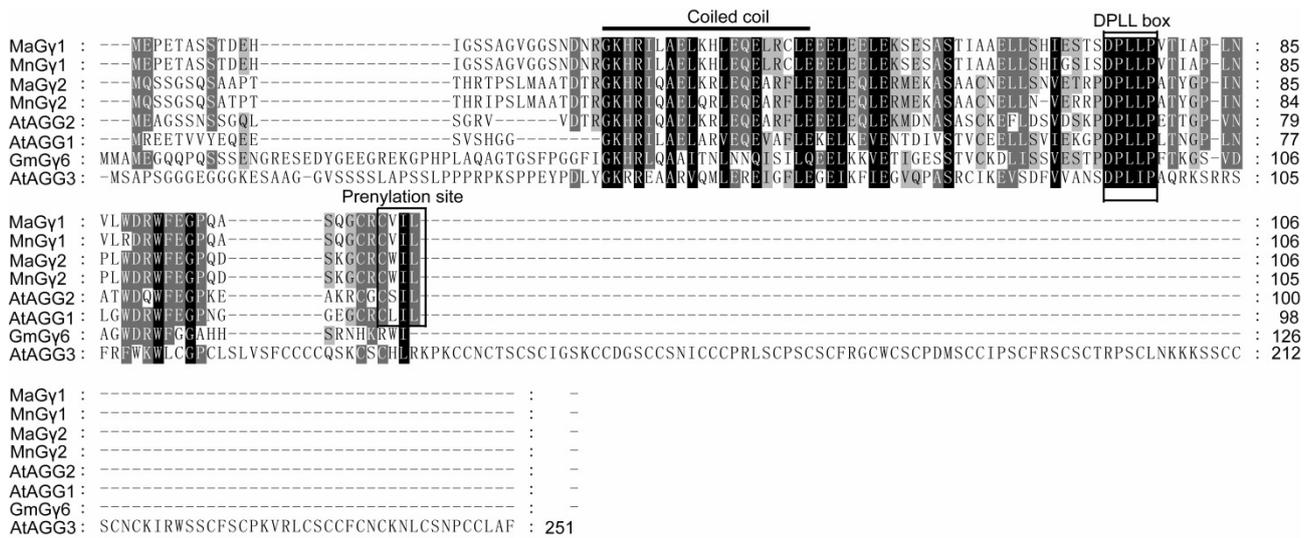


Fig. 3 Suppl. Amino acid sequence alignments of *Morus* Gy protein sequences with other Gy protein from other plant species (Ma - *Morus atropurpurea*, Mn - *Morus notabilis*, At - *Arabidopsis thaliana*, Gm - *Glycine max*).

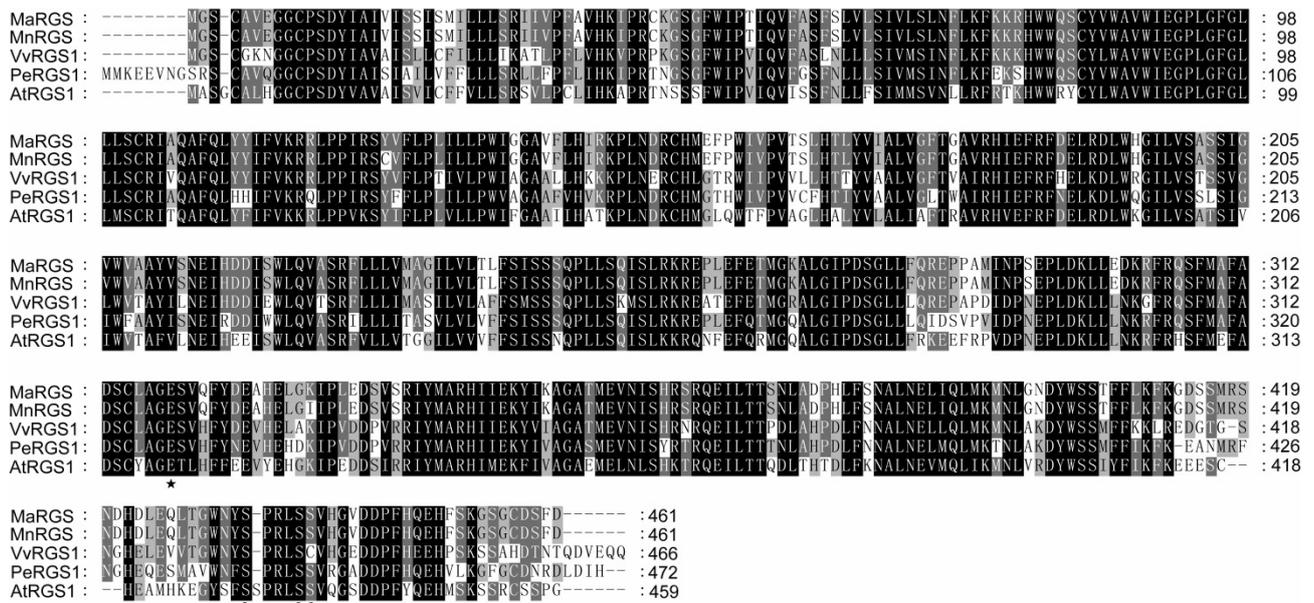


Fig. 4 Suppl. Amino acid sequence alignments of the *Morus* RGS protein sequence with RGS proteins from other plant species (Ma - *Morus atropurpurea*, Mn - *Morus notabilis*, Vv - *Vitis vinifera*, Pe - *Populus euphratica*, At - *Arabidopsis thaliana*) (● indicates the sites required for the endocytosis of RGS, ★ indicates the site for G-proteins activation).

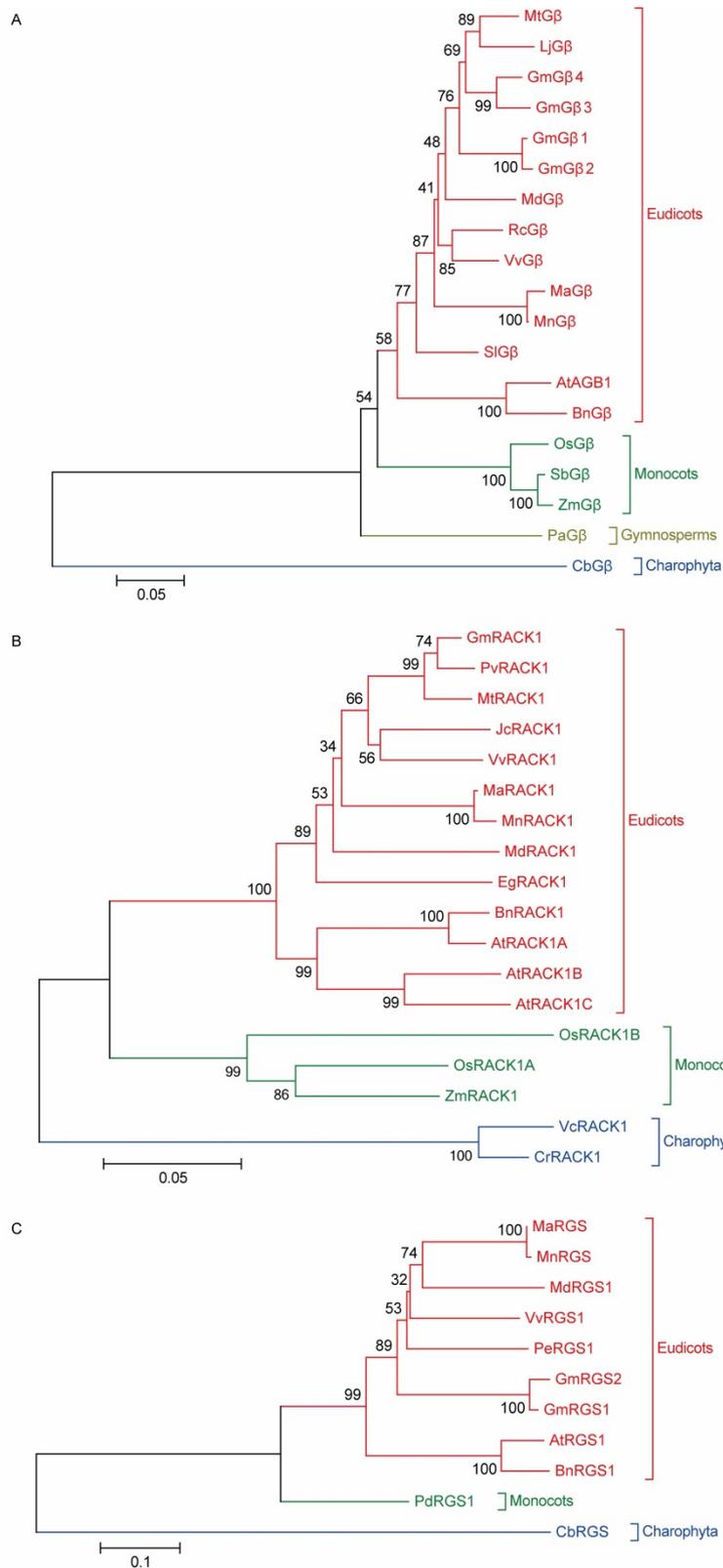


Fig. 5 Suppl. Phylogenetic analysis of G-protein  $\beta$  subunit (G $\beta$ ) (A), RACK1 (B), and RGS (C) isolated from *Morus* and their corresponding G-protein signalling proteins from other plant species (Ma - *Morus atropurpurea*, Mn - *Morus notabilis*, Vv - *Vitis vinifera*, Pe - *Populus euphratica*, Gm - *Glycine max*, At - *Arabidopsis thaliana*, Bn - *Brassica napus*, Cb - *Chara braunii*). The amino acid sequences were analyzed with *ClustalW* (<http://www.clustal.org>) and the phylogenetic tree was constructed with *MEGA 5.0* using a bootstrap test of phylogeny with a minimum evolution test and default parameters.

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MaRACK1 : MASEGLVLRGIMRAHTDMVTAIATPIDNSNIIVTASRDKSIILWDLKEDKAYGVPRRLTGHSHFVEDVVLSSDQFALSGSWDGELRLWDLAAGVSARRFVGH : 105
MnRACK1 : MASEGLVLRGIMRAHTDMVTAIATPIDNSNIIVTASRDKSIILWDLKEDKAYGVPRRLTGHSHFVEDVVLSSDQFALSGSWDGELRLWDLAAGVSARRFVGH : 105
MdRACK1 : -MGENLVLRGIMRAHTDMVTAIATPIDNSNIIVTASRDKSIILWDLKEDKAYGVPRRLTGHSHFVEDVVLSSDQFALSGSWDGELRLWDLAAGVSARRFVGH : 104
VvRACK1 : -MAEGLVLRGIMRAHTDMVTAIATPIDNSNIIVTASRDKSIILWDLKEDKAYGVPRRLTGHSHFVEDVVLSSDQFALSGSWDGELRLWDLAAGVSARRFVGH : 104
AtRACK1A : -MAEGLVLRGIMRAHTDMVTAIATPIDNSNIIVTASRDKSIILWDLKEDKAYGVPRRLTGHSHFVEDVVLSSDQFALSGSWDGELRLWDLAAGVSARRFVGH : 104
AtRACK1B : -MAEGLVLRGIMRAHTDMVTAIATPIDNSNIIVTASRDKSIILWDLKEDKAYGVPRRLTGHSHFVEDVVLSSDQFALSGSWDGELRLWDLAAGVSARRFVGH : 104
AtRACK1C : -MAEGLVLRGIMRAHTDMVTAIATPIDNSNIIVTASRDKSIILWDLKEDKAYGVPRRLTGHSHFVEDVVLSSDQFALSGSWDGELRLWDLAAGVSARRFVGH : 104
PKC site
MaRACK1 : TKDVLVAFSTDNRQIVSASRDRTIKLWNTLGECKYTIISGDGGEAHSWVSCVRFSPNMQPTIVSASWDRIVKVVNLSNCKLRNTLAGHGYYNTVAVSPDGSL : 210
MnRACK1 : TKDVLVAFSTDNRQIVSASRDRTIKLWNTLGECKYTIISGDGGEAHSWVSCVRFSPNMQPTIVSASWDRIVKVVNLSNCKLRNTLAGHGYYNTVAVSPDGSL : 210
MdRACK1 : TKDVLVAFSTDNRQIVSASRDRTIKLWNTLGECKYTIISGDGGEAHSWVSCVRFSPNMQPTIVSASWDRIVKVVNLSNCKLRNTLAGHGYYNTVAVSPDGSL : 207
VvRACK1 : TKDVLVAFSTDNRQIVSASRDRTIKLWNTLGECKYTIISGDGGEAHSWVSCVRFSPNMQPTIVSASWDRIVKVVNLSNCKLRNTLAGHGYYNTVAVSPDGSL : 207
AtRACK1A : TKDVLVAFSTDNRQIVSASRDRTIKLWNTLGECKYTIISGDGGEAHSWVSCVRFSPNMQPTIVSASWDRIVKVVNLSNCKLRNTLAGHGYYNTVAVSPDGSL : 208
AtRACK1B : TKDVLVAFSTDNRQIVSASRDRTIKLWNTLGECKYTIISGDGGEAHSWVSCVRFSPNMQPTIVSASWDRIVKVVNLSNCKLRNTLAGHGYYNTVAVSPDGSL : 207
AtRACK1C : TKDVLVAFSTDNRQIVSASRDRTIKLWNTLGECKYTIISGDGGEAHSWVSCVRFSPNMQPTIVSASWDRIVKVVNLSNCKLRNTLAGHGYYNTVAVSPDGSL : 207
PKC site
MaRACK1 : CASGGKDGVILLWDLAEGKRLYSLEAGSIHIALCFSPNRYWCAATENSIRIWDLESKSVVDELKVDLKAEAETEDTHAATANKKVIYCTSLNWSADGSTLFS : 315
MnRACK1 : CASGGKDGVILLWDLAEGKRLYSLEAGSIHIALCFSPNRYWCAATENSIRIWDLESKSVVDELKVDLKAEAETEDTHAATANKKVIYCTSLNWSADGSTLFS : 315
MdRACK1 : CASGGKDGVILLWDLAEGKRLYSLEAGSIHIALCFSPNRYWCAATENSIRIWDLESKSVVDELKVDLKAEAETEDTHAATANKKVIYCTSLNWSADGSTLFS : 312
VvRACK1 : CASGGKDGVILLWDLAEGKRLYSLEAGSIHIALCFSPNRYWCAATENSIRIWDLESKSVVDELKVDLKAEAETEDTHAATANKKVIYCTSLNWSADGSTLFS : 312
AtRACK1A : CASGGKDGVILLWDLAEGKRLYSLEAGSIHIALCFSPNRYWCAATENSIRIWDLESKSVVDELKVDLKAEAETEDTHAATANKKVIYCTSLNWSADGSTLFS : 312
AtRACK1B : CASGGKDGVILLWDLAEGKRLYSLEAGSIHIALCFSPNRYWCAATENSIRIWDLESKSVVDELKVDLKAEAETEDTHAATANKKVIYCTSLNWSADGSTLFS : 311
AtRACK1C : CASGGKDGVILLWDLAEGKRLYSLEAGSIHIALCFSPNRYWCAATENSIRIWDLESKSVVDELKVDLKAEAETEDTHAATANKKVIYCTSLNWSADGSTLFS : 311
MaRACK1 : GYTDGVRVWVIGRY : 320
MnRACK1 : GYTDGVRVWVIGRY : 330
MdRACK1 : GYTDGVRVWVIGRY : 326
VvRACK1 : GYTDGVRVWVIGRY : 327
AtRACK1A : GYTDGVRVWVIGRY : 327
AtRACK1B : GYTDGVRVWVIGRY : 326
AtRACK1C : GYTDGVRVWVIGRY : 326

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Fig. 6 Suppl. Amino acid sequence alignments of the *Morus* receptor for activated C kinase 1 (RACK1) protein with other RACK1 proteins from other plant species (Ma - *Morus atropurpurea*, Mn - *Morus notabilis*, Vv - *Vitis vinifera*, Md - *Malus domestica*, At - *Arabidopsis thaliana*). The WD repeats are marked within boxes.

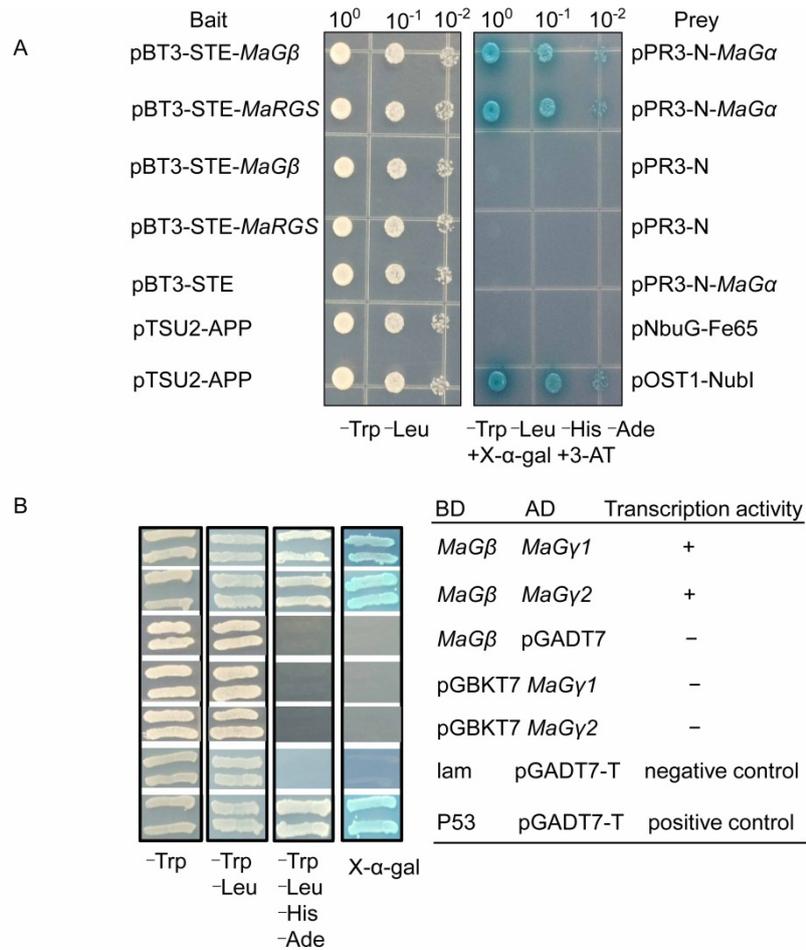


Fig. 7 Suppl. Physical interactions among *Morus* G-protein signalling components. *A* - Interaction between *MaGα* and *MaGβ* as well as between *MaGα* and *MaRGS* were tested in a split-ubiquitin-based system (RGS - regulator of G-protein signaling protein). Two biological replicates were performed with similar results. *B* - An interaction between *MaGβ* and *MaGγ* subunits, as determined using a yeast two-hybrid (Y2H) interaction screen. Two biological replicates were performed with similar results.

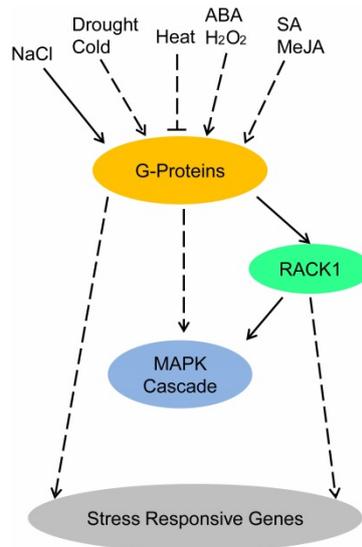


Fig. 8 Suppl. A possible model for *Morus* G-protein signalling pathway in response to abiotic stresses and signal molecules. *Solid lines* indicate signalling pathways that have been published, and *dashed lines* indicate possible new signalling pathways. Positive effects are indicated by *arrows*, and a *bar* indicate repression (ABA - abscisic acid, MeJa - methyljasmonate, SA - salicylic acid, RACK1 - receptor for activated C kinase 1, MAPK - mitogen-activated protein kinase).