

Table 1 Suppl. *Deschampsia caespitosa* leaf traits and soil properties for four different habitats. Means $\pm$ SDs ($n = 10$) for each habitat. Different superscript letters within each row indicate significant differences ($P \leq 0.05$; the Duncan test).

Traits	Parameters	Units	River floodplain (Rak)	Intermittent lake (Cerknica)	Alpine heath (Mount Komen)	Alpine foothills forest edge (Mount Komen)
Morphological	leaf thickness, thickest part	μm	427 $\pm$ 68 ^a	418 $\pm$ 62 ^a	514 $\pm$ 27 ^b	507 $\pm$ 48 ^b
	long prickly hair length	μm	39 $\pm$ 7 ^b	32 $\pm$ 3 ^a	56 $\pm$ 5 ^d	46 $\pm$ 7 ^c
	specific leaf area	$\text{cm}^2 \text{g}^{-1}$	120.7 $\pm$ 30.8 ^{ab}	130.4 $\pm$ 20.0 ^b	100.5 $\pm$ 20.1 ^a	160.9 $\pm$ 20.2 ^c
Leaf upper surface	cuticle thickness	μm	4.3 $\pm$ 0.6 ^a	5.3 $\pm$ 0.3 ^b	6.8 $\pm$ 1.0 ^c	4.6 $\pm$ 1.0 ^a
	epidermis thickness	μm	10.8 $\pm$ 1.6 ^b	8.7 $\pm$ 0.9 ^a	13.8 $\pm$ 1.5 ^c	14.8 $\pm$ 2.6 ^c
	stomata density	mm^{-2}	254 $\pm$ 27 ^{bc}	279 $\pm$ 34 ^c	242 $\pm$ 32 ^b	193 $\pm$ 42 ^a
	stomata length	μm	33.8 $\pm$ 3.8 ^a	32.7 $\pm$ 2.7 ^a	37.0 $\pm$ 3.1 ^b	37.3 $\pm$ 2.7 ^b
	prickle hair density	mm^{-2}	342 $\pm$ 154 ^b	389 $\pm$ 126 ^b	123 $\pm$ 68 ^a	164 $\pm$ 54 ^a
	prickle hair length	μm	20.4 $\pm$ 4.8 ^a	23.6 $\pm$ 3.8 ^a	24.4 $\pm$ 3.9 ^a	21.5 $\pm$ 3.9 ^a
Leaf lower surface	cuticle thickness	μm	4.7 $\pm$ 0.5 ^a	6.1 $\pm$ 0.6 ^b	6.8 $\pm$ 1.0 ^b	4.5 $\pm$ 1.2 ^a
	epidermis thickness	μm	11.7 $\pm$ 1.1 ^b	9.6 $\pm$ 1.3 ^a	14.3 $\pm$ 0.8 ^c	14.2 $\pm$ 1.7 ^c
	stomata density	mm^{-2}	44 $\pm$ 19 ^a	41 $\pm$ 16 ^a	47 $\pm$ 8 ^a	50 $\pm$ 11 ^a
	stomata length	μm	33.4 $\pm$ 3.1 ^b	29.7 $\pm$ 3.1 ^a	35.4 $\pm$ 1.5 ^b	35.4 $\pm$ 3.9 ^b
	prickle hair density	mm^{-2}	184 $\pm$ 52 ^a	378 $\pm$ 66 ^c	169 $\pm$ 35 ^a	246 $\pm$ 52 ^b
	prickle hair length	μm	20.7 $\pm$ 2.1 ^a	21.4 $\pm$ 2.1 ^a	24.0 $\pm$ 2.5 ^b	20.5 $\pm$ 2.3 ^a
Biochemical	chlorophyll <i>a</i>	$\mu\text{g cm}^{-2}$	38 $\pm$ 8 ^a	41 $\pm$ 8 ^a	34 $\pm$ 10 ^a	60 $\pm$ 14 ^b
	chlorophyll <i>b</i>	$\mu\text{g cm}^{-2}$	20 $\pm$ 6 ^b	23 $\pm$ 7 ^b	15 $\pm$ 3 ^a	28 $\pm$ 6 ^c
	carotenoids	$\mu\text{g cm}^{-2}$	11 $\pm$ 3 ^a	11 $\pm$ 2 ^a	11 $\pm$ 3 ^a	16 $\pm$ 4 ^b
	anthocyanins	a.u. cm^{-2}	0.54 $\pm$ 0.19 ^a	0.55 $\pm$ 0.11 ^a	0.47 $\pm$ 0.10 ^a	0.71 $\pm$ 0.22 ^b
	UV-B-absorbing compounds	a.u. cm^{-2}	2.30 $\pm$ 0.52 ^b	2.23 $\pm$ 0.50 ^b	2.69 $\pm$ 0.74 ^b	1.55 $\pm$ 0.21 ^a
	UV-A-absorbing compounds	a.u. cm^{-2}	3.50 $\pm$ 1.00 ^b	3.13 $\pm$ 0.84 ^b	4.14 $\pm$ 1.52 ^{bc}	2.16 $\pm$ 0.42 ^a
Leaf element composition	Si	%(d.m.)	1.03 $\pm$ 0.28 ^{ab}	0.83 $\pm$ 0.37 ^a	1.27 $\pm$ 0.36 ^{bc}	1.53 $\pm$ 0.44 ^c
	P		0.14 $\pm$ 0.03 ^c	0.07 $\pm$ 0.01 ^a	0.07 $\pm$ 0.02 ^a	0.11 $\pm$ 0.02 ^b
	S		0.10 $\pm$ 0.03 ^a	0.12 $\pm$ 0.05 ^{ab}	0.11 $\pm$ 0.02 ^a	0.15 $\pm$ 0.03 ^b
	Cl		0.32 $\pm$ 0.20 ^a	0.32 $\pm$ 0.16 ^a	0.34 $\pm$ 0.06 ^a	0.25 $\pm$ 0.04 ^a
	K		1.00 $\pm$ 0.31 ^a	1.28 $\pm$ 0.46 ^a	1.98 $\pm$ 0.36 ^b	2.87 $\pm$ 0.34 ^c
	Ca		0.45 $\pm$ 0.11 ^b	0.41 $\pm$ 0.10 ^b	0.20 $\pm$ 0.03 ^a	0.55 $\pm$ 0.07 ^c
Soil element composition	total Si	%(d.m.)	6.56 $\pm$ 0.94 ^a	11.09 $\pm$ 2.42 ^c	4.94 $\pm$ 1.92 ^a	8.67 $\pm$ 1.64 ^b
	total S		0.04 $\pm$ 0.01 ^a	0.04 $\pm$ 0.01 ^a	0.05 $\pm$ 0.02 ^b	0.03 $\pm$ 0.01 ^a
	total Cl		0.03 $\pm$ 0.01 ^{ab}	0.03 $\pm$ 0.01 ^a	0.04 $\pm$ 0.02 ^b	0.04 $\pm$ 0.01 ^b
	total K		0.86 $\pm$ 0.13 ^b	0.43 $\pm$ 0.04 ^a	0.54 $\pm$ 0.25 ^a	1.09 $\pm$ 0.11 ^c
	total Ca		2.74 $\pm$ 1.42 ^b	3.16 $\pm$ 1.92 ^b	0.23 $\pm$ 0.07 ^a	3.65 $\pm$ 0.73 ^b
	CaCl ₂ -extractable Si	$\text{mg kg}^{-1}(\text{d.m.})$	34.27 $\pm$ 2.68 ^d	12.46 $\pm$ 3.66 ^b	9.51 $\pm$ 2.81 ^a	19.02 $\pm$ 2.59 ^c

Table 2 Suppl. Soil characteristics of four habitats. Data are for composite samples from each of the four habitats ($n = 10$). NA - not available due to high proportions of organic matter. Cation exchange capacity was measured as mmol(charge) kg⁻¹.

Soil parameters	Units	River floodplain (Rak)	Intermittent lake (Cerknica)	Alpine heath (Mount Komen)	Alpine foothills forest edge (Mount Komen)
Sand	%	18.9	47.7	NA	54.4
Silt	%	54.3	45.1	NA	36.9
Clay	%	26.8	7.2	NA	8.7
Texture class		silt loam	loam	NA	sandy loam
pH in CaCl ₂		6.9	6.9	4.1	7.0
Available phosphorus	mg kg ⁻¹	45	6	75	28
Available potassium	mg kg ⁻¹	210	118	830	217
Electrical conductivity	μS cm ⁻¹	300	170	150	110
Carbonates	%	8.7	16.9	1.6	16.9
Carbon	%	7.0	5.7	23.0	5.0
Nitrogen	%	0.64	0.45	1.32	0.20
C/N ratio		10.9	12.7	17.4	25.0
Organic matter	%	11.8	6.6	42.9	9.1
Total carbon	%	8.02	7.71	23.20	6.99
Cation exchange capacity	mmolc kg ⁻¹	398.2	256.8	577.1	161.9
Ca ²⁺	mmolc kg ⁻¹	401.4	192.9	38.9	152.7
Mg ²⁺	mmolc kg ⁻¹	52.5	42.2	13.5	5 1.0
K ⁺	mmolc kg ⁻¹	4.8	2.5	18.3	4.9
Na ⁺	mmolc kg ⁻¹	1.1	0.8	1.7	0.7
Total exchangeable bases	mmolc kg ⁻¹	459.8	238.4	72.4	209.3
Base saturation	%	100	93	13	100

Table 3 Suppl. Relative leaf reflectance and transmittance data for the *Deschampsia caespitosa* leaves from four habitats. Means $\pm$ SDs ($n = 10$). Different letters within each row indicate significant differences ($P \leq 0.05$; the Duncan test).

Parameter	Wavelength	River floodplain (Rak)	Intermittent lake (Cerknica)	Alpine heath (Mount Komen)	Alpine foothills forest edge (Mount Komen)
Reflectance	UV-B	5.2 $\pm$ 0.3 ^c	4.9 $\pm$ 0.8 ^{bc}	4.3 $\pm$ 0.3 ^a	4.6 $\pm$ 0.5 ^{ab}
	UV-A	4.3 $\pm$ 0.3 ^c	3.8 $\pm$ 0.5 ^b	3.3 $\pm$ 0.2 ^a	4.0 $\pm$ 0.3 ^{bc}
	violet	4.6 $\pm$ 0.4 ^b	4.3 $\pm$ 0.6 ^b	3.6 $\pm$ 0.3 ^a	3.8 $\pm$ 0.3 ^a
	blue	5.0 $\pm$ 0.4 ^c	4.7 $\pm$ 0.7 ^{bc}	4.3 $\pm$ 0.5 ^{ab}	3.9 $\pm$ 0.3 ^a
	green	11.7 $\pm$ 1.3 ^c	10.4 $\pm$ 1.2 ^b	12.1 $\pm$ 1.3 ^c	7.4 $\pm$ 0.9 ^a
	yellow	9.5 $\pm$ 1.2 ^{bc}	8.5 $\pm$ 1.0 ^b	10.1 $\pm$ 1.2 ^c	5.8 $\pm$ 0.7 ^a
	red	6.4 $\pm$ 0.6 ^b	6.0 $\pm$ 0.7 ^b	6.5 $\pm$ 0.7 ^b	4.5 $\pm$ 0.4 ^a
	near infrared	33.0 $\pm$ 1.9 ^a	34.2 $\pm$ 2.5 ^a	36.2 $\pm$ 1.4 ^b	33.7 $\pm$ 1.0 ^a
Transmittance	UV-B	0.9 $\pm$ 2.0 ^a	0.0 $\pm$ 0.1 ^a	0.0 $\pm$ 0.1 ^a	0.1 $\pm$ 0.1 ^a
	UV-A	1.1 $\pm$ 2.1 ^a	0.3 $\pm$ 0.2 ^a	0.3 $\pm$ 0.2 ^a	0.7 $\pm$ 0.3 ^a
	violet	5.1 $\pm$ 3.0 ^a	4.8 $\pm$ 1.6 ^a	6.7 $\pm$ 2.0 ^a	6.1 $\pm$ 2.3 ^a
	blue	7.0 $\pm$ 3.3 ^a	6.7 $\pm$ 2.0 ^a	10.1 $\pm$ 2.7 ^b	7.7 $\pm$ 2.6 ^{ab}
	green	17.7 $\pm$ 4.9 ^a	15.7 $\pm$ 3.2 ^a	23.0 $\pm$ 4.7 ^b	16.7 $\pm$ 3.3 ^a
	yellow	16.1 $\pm$ 4.8 ^a	14.1 $\pm$ 3.2 ^a	21.4 $\pm$ 4.8 ^b	14.9 $\pm$ 3.3 ^a
	red	11.8 $\pm$ 4.0 ^a	10.0 $\pm$ 2.5 ^a	15.1 $\pm$ 3.7 ^b	10.8 $\pm$ 2.8 ^a
	near infrared	59.6 $\pm$ 3.9 ^{ab}	55.7 $\pm$ 4.2 ^a	60.8 $\pm$ 6.0 ^b	60.0 $\pm$ 3.0 ^b

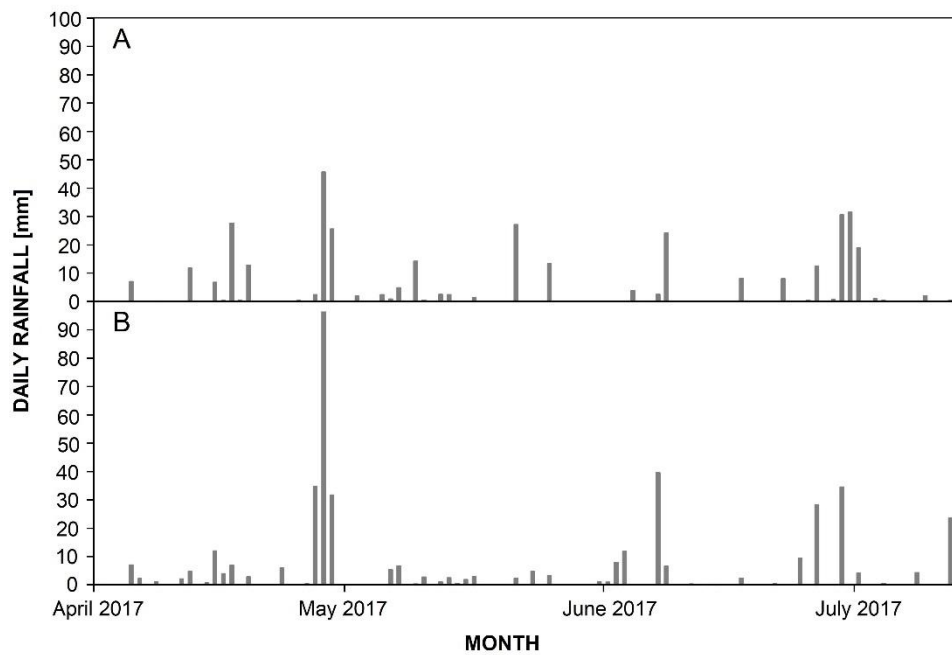


Fig. 1 Suppl. Daily rainfall for the Cerknica (A) and Bele Vode (B) meteorological stations. The data for the 24-h rainfall (recorded daily at 07:00; www.meteo.si) were from two meteorological stations close to four chosen sampling locations: the Cerknica meteorological station close to the first two habitats (45°47'44.54" N, 14°21'49.46" E; 576 m a.s.l.) and the Bele Vode meteorological station, close to the second two habitats (46°25'18.17" N, 14°56'35.59" E; 965 m a.s.l.). The total rainfall from 1 April, 2017, to 13 July, 2017, was 357.9 mm at Cerknica, and 423.9 mm at Bele Vode.

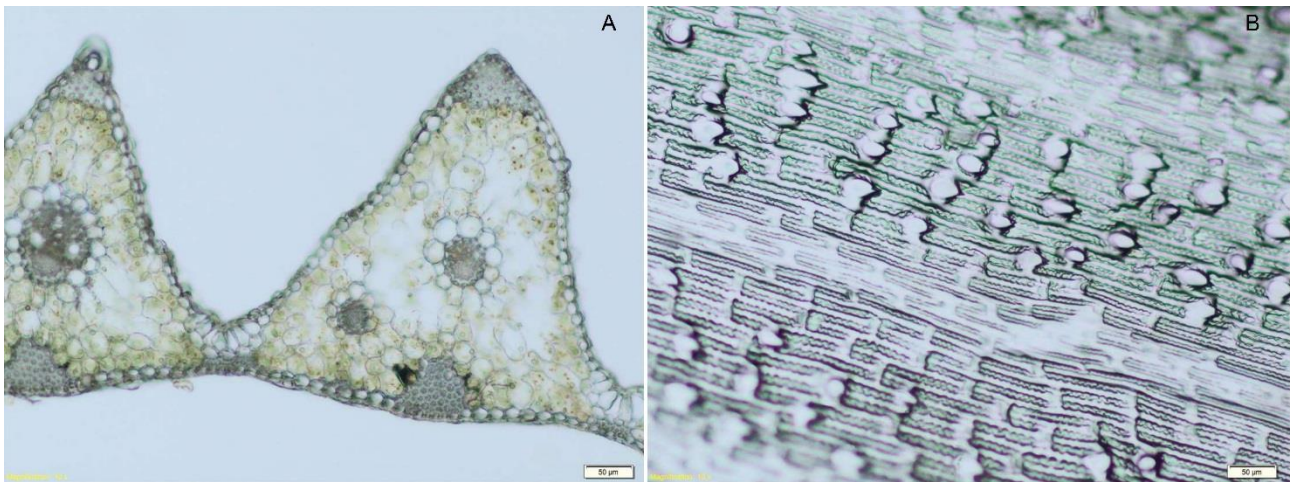


Fig. 2 Suppl. The cross-section of a *Deschampsia caespitosa* leaf with silicified cuticle and prickly hairs (A), and a leaf epidermal print with visible phytoliths and prickly hairs (B).